

# CBCS SCHEME

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15EC34

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.**

### Module-1

- 1 a. Determine the equivalent resistance across XY shown in Fig.Q1(a) (05 Marks)

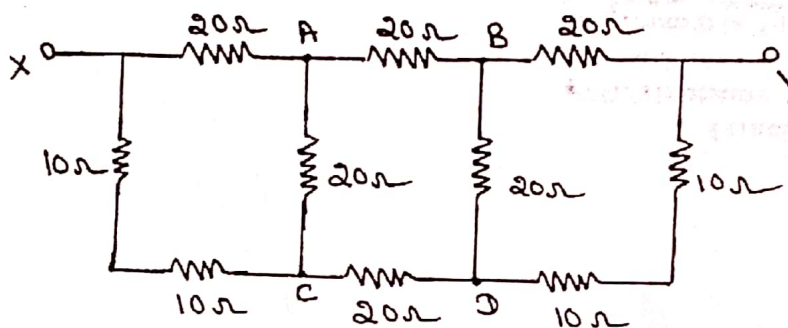


Fig.Q1(a)

- b. Calculate the voltage across the  $6\Omega$  resistor using source shifting and transformation technique shown in Fig.Q1(b). (05 Marks)

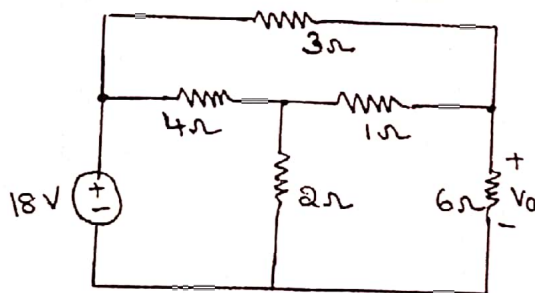


Fig.Q1(b)

- c. Determine the power supplied by the dependent source of Fig.Q1(c) shown. (06 Marks)

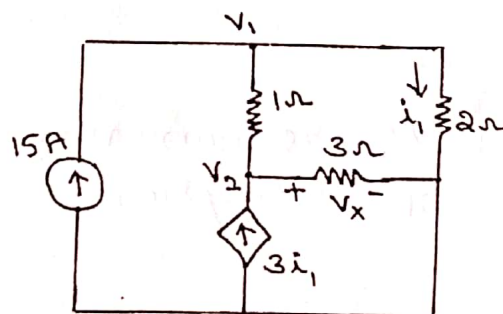


Fig.Q1(c)  
1 of 5

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 4 a. Using Millman's theorem, find  $I_L$  through  $R_L$  for the network shown in Fig.Q4(a). (06 Marks)

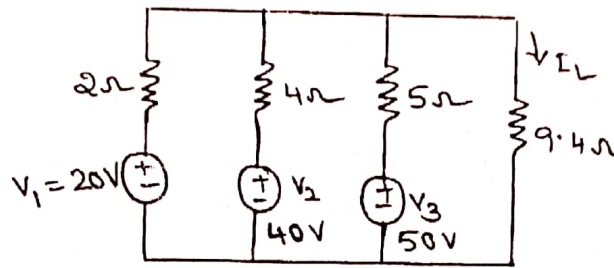


Fig.Q4(a)

- b. Verify reciprocity theorem for the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b). (06 Marks)

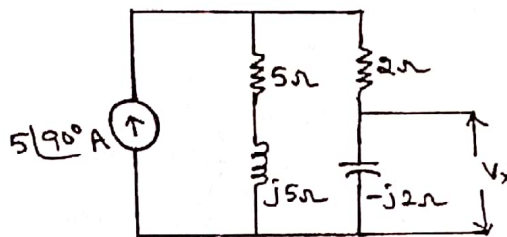


Fig.Q4(b)

- c. State and explain maximum power transfer theorem. (04 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. In the circuit shown in Fig.Q5(a), the switch K is changed from position 1 to position 2 at  $t = 0$ , the steady state has been reached before switching. Find the values of  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{di^2}{dt^2}$  at  $t=0$ . (08 Marks)

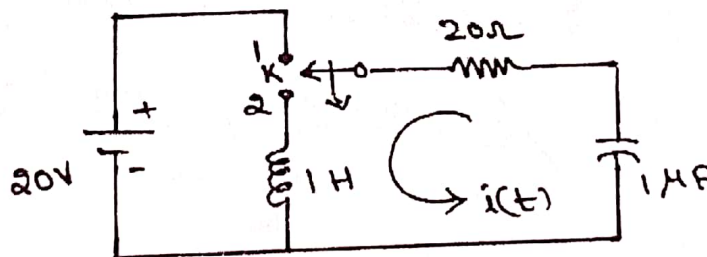


Fig.Q5(a)

- b. The switch in the network shown in Fig.Q5(b) is closed at  $t = 0$ . Determine the voltage across the capacitor. Use Laplace transform. (08 Marks)

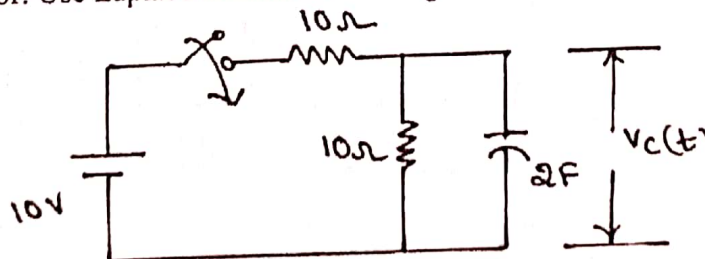


Fig.Q5(b)

OR

- 6 a. In the network shown in Fig.6(a), the switch K is opened at  $t = 0$ . At  $t = 0^+$ , solve for the values of  $v$ ,  $\frac{dv}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2v}{dt^2}$  if  $I = 2A$ ,  $R = 200\Omega$  and  $L = 1H$ . (08 Marks)

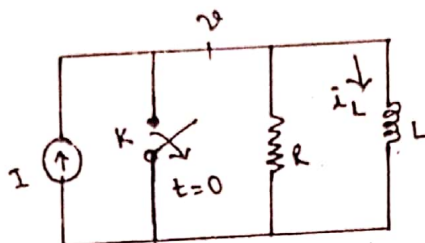


Fig.Q6(a)

- b. Determine the Laplace transform of the periodic saw tooth waveform of Fig.Q6(b). Use gate function. (08 Marks)

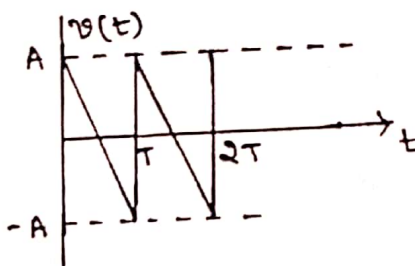


Fig.Q6(b)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Derive for a resonant circuit, the resonant frequency  $f_0 = \sqrt{f_1 f_2}$ , where  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are the two half power frequencies. (07 Marks)
- b. Find the value of L for which the circuit shown in Fig.Q7(b) is resonant at a frequency of  $\omega = 5000$  rad/sec. (06 Marks)

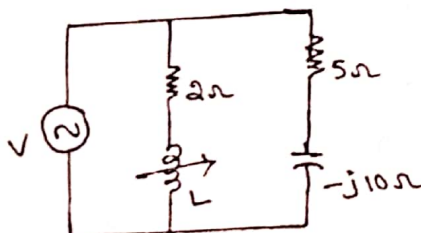


Fig.Q7(b)

- c. A series RLC circuit has  $R = 10\Omega$ ,  $L = 0.01H$  and  $c = 0.01\mu F$  and it is connected across 10mV supply. Calculate : i)  $f_0$  ii)  $Q_0$  iii) B.w. (03 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. A series RLC circuit has a resistance of  $10\Omega$ , an inductance of  $0.3H$  and a capacitance of  $100\mu F$ . The applied voltage is  $230V$ . Find : i) Resonant frequency ii) Quality factor iii) Lower and upper cut off frequencies iv) Bandwidth v) Current at resonance vi) currents at  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  vii) voltage across inductance at resonance. (08 Marks)
- b. Derive an expression for the resonant frequency of a parallel resonant circuit. Also show that the circuit is resonant at all frequencies if  $R_L = R_C = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$  where  $R_L$  = Resistance in the inductor branch,  $R_C$  = resistance in the capacitor branch. (08 Marks)

**Module-5**

9 a. Find Y parameters and Z parameters for the circuit show in Fig.Q9(a).

(08 Marks)

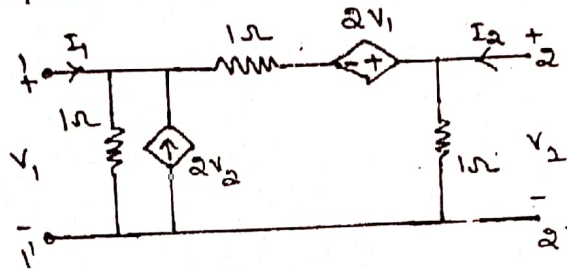


Fig.Q9(a)

b. Express ABCD parameters interms of Y-parameters and h-parameters.

(08 Marks)

**OR**

10 a. Determine z parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q10(a).

(08 Marks)

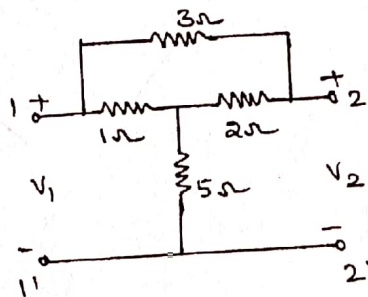


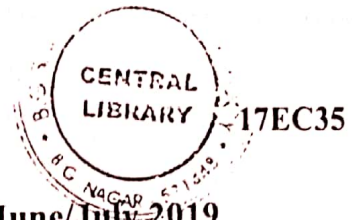
Fig.Q10(a)

b. Express h-parameters interms of Y-parameters.

(08 Marks)

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# CBCS SCHEME



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## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

### Module-1

- 1 a. Define the following terms with examples:
  - i) Active elements
  - ii) Passive elements
  - iii) Linear and non linear elements
  - iv) Lumped node
  - v) Unilateral and bilateral elements. (10 Marks)
- b. Use the node analysis and find the value of  $V_x$  in the circuit shown in below Fig.Q.1(b). Such that the current through the impedance  $(2 + j3)\Omega$  is zero.

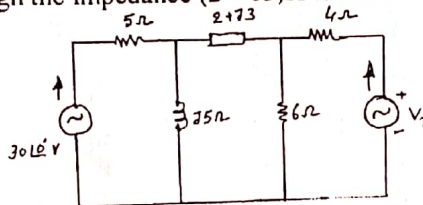


Fig.Q.1(b)

(10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Derive an expression for i)  $\Delta$  to Y transformation ii) Y to  $\Delta$  transformation. (10 Marks)
- b. Find the voltage across  $20\Omega$  resistor in the network shown in Fig.Q.2(b) below by using Mesh analysis method. (10 Marks)

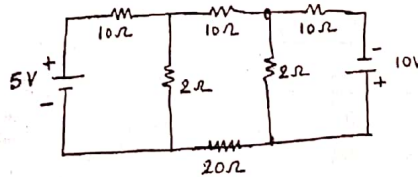


Fig.Q.2(b)

(10 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. State and prove Millman's theorem with an example. (10 Marks)
- b. Find the Thevenin's equivalent circuit of Fig.Q.3(b) shown below: (10 Marks)

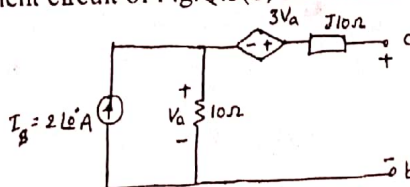


Fig.Q.3(b)

1 of 3

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

4 a. Prove that the maximum power transferred from source to load when,

- i)  $R_L = R_o$     ii)  $R_L = |Z_o|$     iii)  $Z_L = \dot{Z}_o$  (10 Marks)

b. Find the value of  $i_b$  using Norton's equivalent circuit when  $R = 667\Omega$ , refer Fig.Q.4(b). (10 Marks)

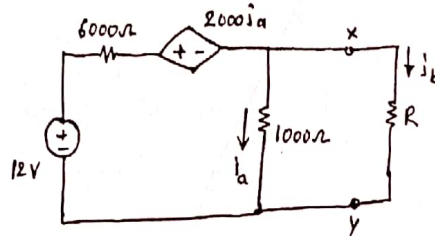


Fig.Q.4(b)

Module-3

5 a. Determine  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$ ,  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ , when the switch is closed at  $t = 0$ , from the Fig.Q.5(a) shown below. (10 Marks)

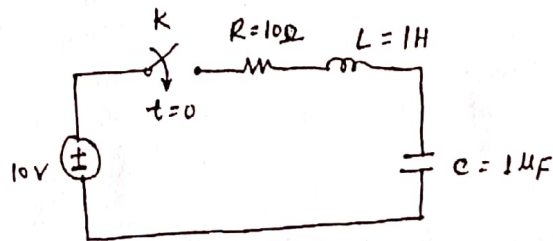


Fig.Q.5(a)

b. Find :

- i)  $i(0^+)$  and  $v(0^+)$   
 ii)  $\frac{di(0^+)}{dt}$  and  $\frac{dv(0^+)}{dt}$   
 iii)  $I(\infty)$  and  $v(\infty)$

from the circuit shown in Fig.Q.5(b) below. (10 Marks)

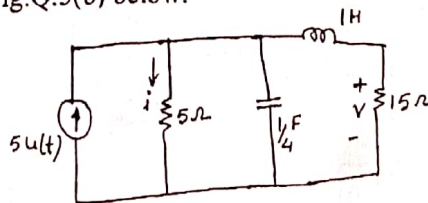


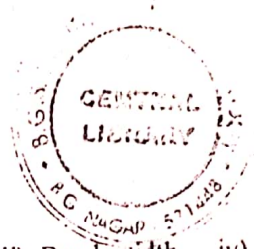
Fig.Q.5(b)

OR

6 a. Deduce the Laplace transform of the following:

- i)  $\sin^2 t$     ii)  $\cos^2 t$     iii)  $\sin \omega t$     iv)  $\int_0^t i(t) dt$  (10 Marks)

b. State and prove Initial and Final value theorems. (10 Marks)



**Module-4**

- 7 a. Demonstrate the terms: i) Resonance ii) Q-factor iii) Band width iv) Selectivity v) Half power frequency pertaining to a R-L-C series circuit. (10 Marks)  
 b. Prove that the Resonating frequency in a R-L-C series circuit is geometrical mean of half power frequencies i.e.  $f_0 = \sqrt{f_1 f_2}$ . (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Evaluate  $\omega_0$ , Q, BW and half power frequencies and the output voltage V at  $\omega_0$ . refer Fig.Q.8(a). (10 Marks)

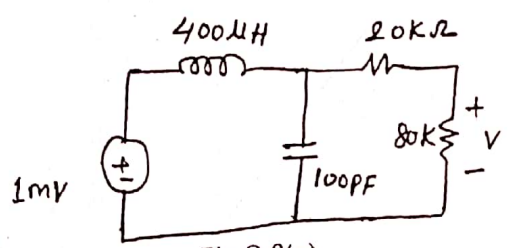


Fig.Q.8(a)

- b. Derive an expression for resonance by varying  $R_L$  in parallel RLC circuit. (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Express Z parameters in terms h parameters and what are hybrid parameters. (10 Marks)  
 b. Determine the transmission parameters for the network shown Fig.Q.9(b) below. (10 Marks)

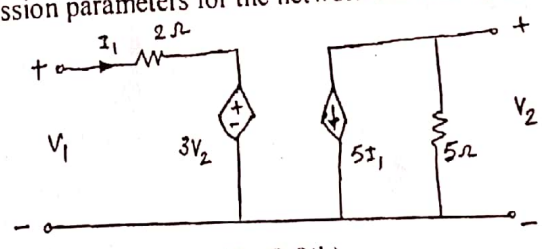


Fig.Q.9(b)

OR

- 10 a. Obtain the condition of transmission parameters for two networks connected in cascade. (10 Marks)  
 b. Determine the Z-parameters for the circuit shown in Fig.Q.10(b) below. (10 Marks)

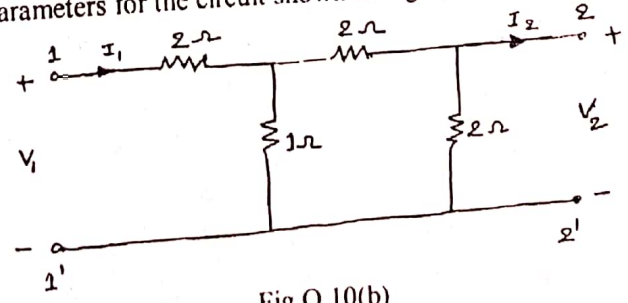


Fig.Q.10(b)

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## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

### Module-1

- 1 a. Derive the expression for: (i)  $\Delta$  to Y transformation (ii) Y to  $\Delta$  transformation (10 Marks)
- b. Calculate the voltage across the  $6\Omega$  resistor in the network of Fig.Q1(b) using source shifting technique.

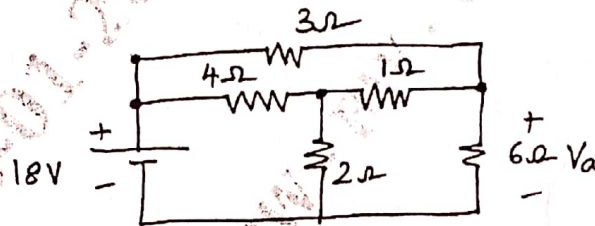


Fig.Q1(b)

(10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Determine the resistance between the terminals A and B of the network shown in Fig.Q2(a).

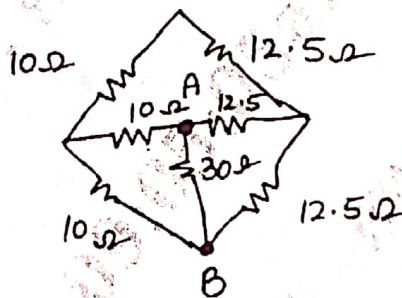


Fig.Q2(a)

(10 Marks)

- b. Find currents in all the branches of the network shown in Fig.Q2(b) using mesh analysis.

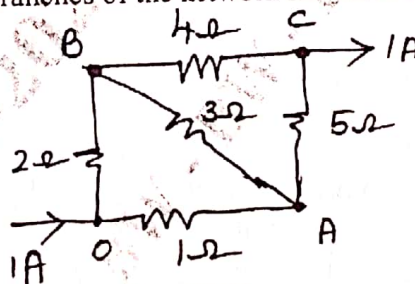


Fig.Q2(b)

(05 Marks)

- c. Find voltages  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  in the network shown in Fig.Q2(c) using node analysis method.

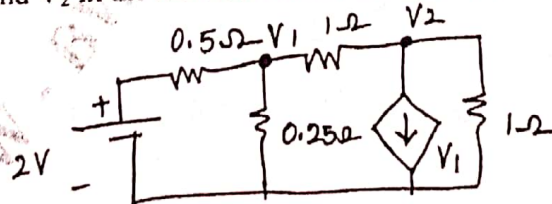


Fig.Q2(c)

(05 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written e.g. 12.8 50, will be treated as malpractice.



**Module-2**

- 3 a. Obtain Thevenin's equivalent network for Fig.Q3(a).

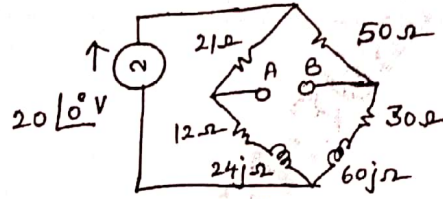


Fig.Q3(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. State and prove Millman's theorem.

(06 Marks)

- c. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(c), find the voltage  $V_x$  and verify reciprocity theorem.

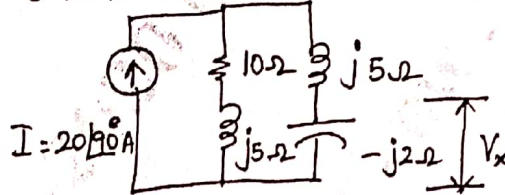


Fig.Q3(c)

(06 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. State and prove maximum power transfer theorem for AC circuits (when  $R_L$  and  $X_L$  are varying)

(10 Marks)

- b. Find 'V' in the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b) using super position theorem.

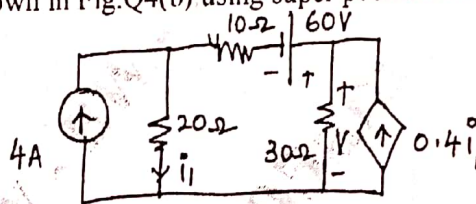


Fig.Q4(b)

(10 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. What is the significance of initial conditions? Write a note on initial and final conditions for basic circuit elements.

(05 Marks)

- b. In the network shown in Fig.Q5(b) switch 'S' is changed from A to B at  $t = 0$  having already established a steady state in position A shown that at  $t = 0^+$ ,  $i_1 = i_2 = \frac{-V}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$  and

$i_3 = 0.$

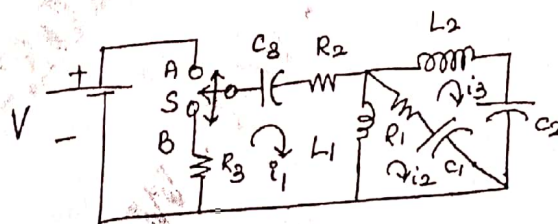


Fig.Q5(b)

(10 Marks)

- c. In the network of Fig.Q5(c) switch 'S' is closed at  $t = 0$  with zero initial current in the inductor. Find  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$  if  $R = 10 \Omega$ ,  $L = 1 \text{ H}$  and  $V = 10 \text{ Volts}$ .

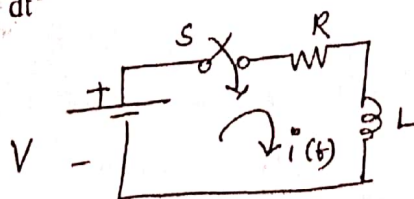
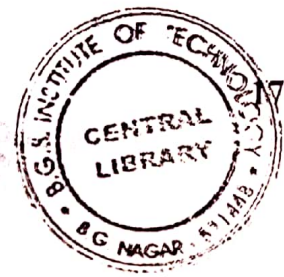


Fig.Q5(c)

2 of 4

(05 Marks)



OR

- 6 a. Obtain Laplace transform of:  
 (i) Step function  
 (ii) Ramp function  
 (iii) Impulse function

(10 Marks)

- b. Find the Laplace transform of the waveform shown in Fig.Q6(b).

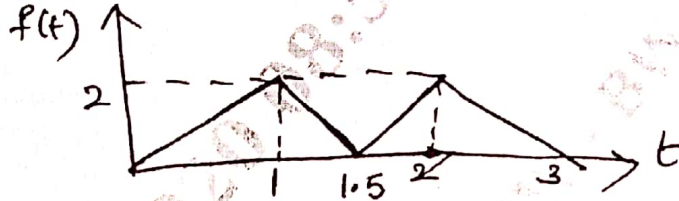


Fig.Q6(b)

(10 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Derive the relation between bandwidth and quality factor  $B.W = f_0/Q$ . (10 Marks)  
 b. Show that the value of capacitance for max voltage across the capacitor in case of capacitor tuning series resonance is given by  $C = \frac{L}{R^2 + X_L^2}$ .

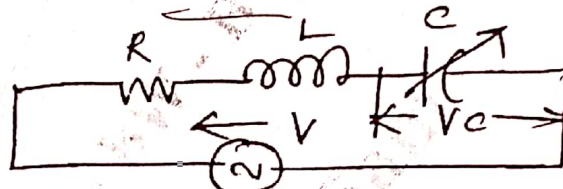


Fig.Q7(b)

(10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Derive for  $f_0$  for parallel resonance circuit when the resistance of the capacitance is considered.

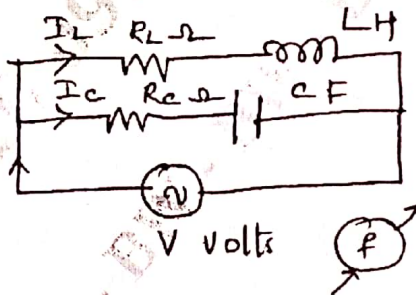


Fig.Q8(a)

(10 Marks)

- b. Find the value of L for which the circuit in Fig.Q8(b) resonates at  $\omega = 5000$  rad/sec.

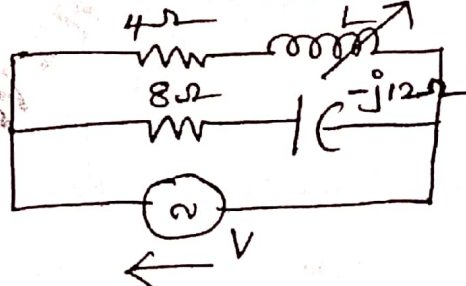


Fig.Q8(b)

(10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Derive the expression of Z parameters in terms of Y parameters.  
 b. Determine Y and Z parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q9(b).

(10 Marks)

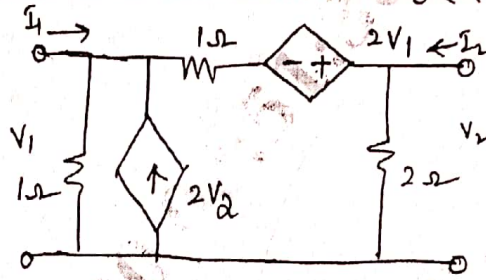


Fig.Q9(b)

(10 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Derive the expression of h parameters in terms of ABCD parameters.  
 b. Find ABCD constants and show that  $AD - BC = 1$  for the network shown in Fig.Q10(b).

(10 Marks)

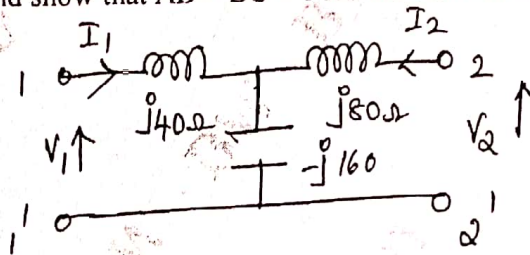


Fig.Q10(b)

(10 Marks)

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Third Semester BE Degree Examination November 2020  
(CBCS Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100 marks

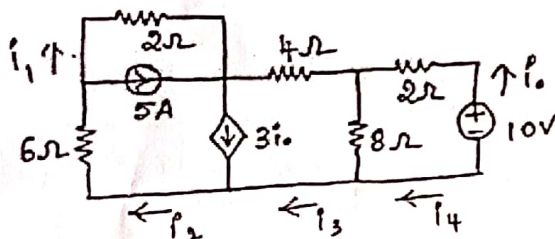
## Sub: Network Analysis

Q P Code: 62305

- Instructions: 1. Answer five full questions.  
2. Choose one full question from each module.  
3. Your answer should be specific to the questions asked.  
4. write the same question numbers as they appear in this question paper.  
5. Write Legibly

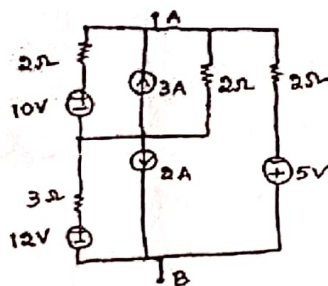
## Module - 1

- 1 a Find the currents  $i_1$ ,  $i_2$ ,  $i_3$  and  $i_4$  using mesh analysis for the circuit shown in figure Q1(a). 07 marks



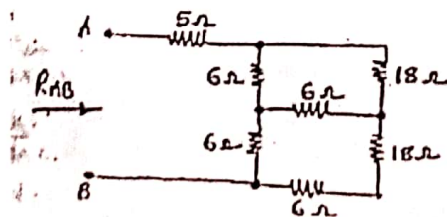
Fig, Q1(a)

- b Reduce the network shown in figure Q1(b) to a single voltage source in series with a resistance between terminals A and B. 07 marks



Fig, Q1(b)

- c Determine  $R_{AB}$  in the network shown in figure Q1(c). 06 marks

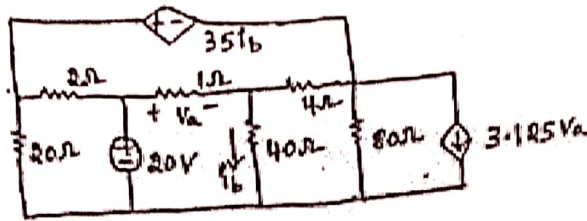


Fig, Q1(c)

PTO

Or

- 2 a Determine the power supplied by the 20V voltage source to the circuit shown in figure Q2(a) using nodal analysis. 10 marks



Fig, Q2(a)

- b Distinguish between the following with suitable examples 10 marks
- Linear and non-linear elements.
  - Dependent and independent sources.
  - Supernode and supermesh.
  - Ideal and practical current sources.
  - Unilateral and bilateral elements.

Module - 2

- 3 a State and prove Thevenin's theorem. 10 marks
- b Using superposition theorem, obtain the response  $I$  for the network shown in figure Q3(b). 10 marks

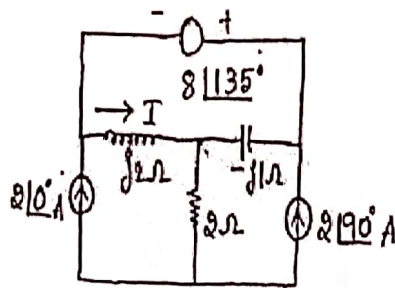


Fig. Q3(b)

Or

- 4 a State and prove maximum power transfer theorem for an AC circuit with an impedance as the load with variable  $R_L$  and fixed load reactance. 10 marks
- b For the circuit shown in figure Q4(b), find Thevenin's equivalent circuit across the terminals ab. 10 marks

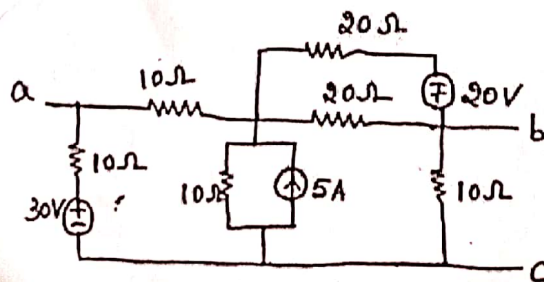


Fig. Q4(b)

Module - 3

- a The network shown in figure Q5(a), has two independent node pairs. Switch K is opened at  $t=0$ , find the following quantities at  $t=0^+$ . 10 marks  
 i)  $V_1$  ii)  $V_2$  iii)  $dV_1/dt$  iv)  $dV_2/dt$  v)  $di_L/dt$

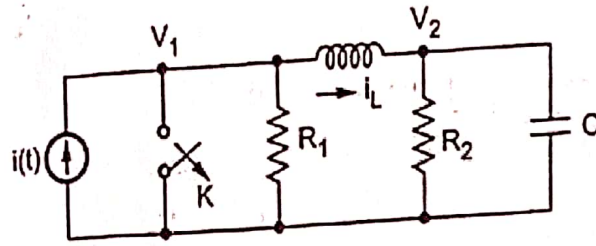


Fig. Q5(a)

- b In the network shown in figure Q5(b), K is changed from position 1 to 2 at  $t=0$ . Solve for  $i$ ,  $di/dt$  and  $d^2i/dt^2$  at  $t=0^+$ . 10 marks

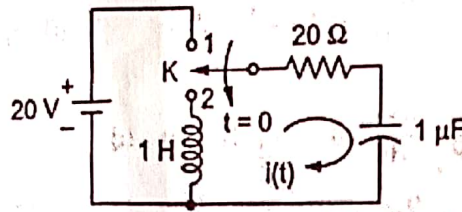


Fig. Q5(b)

Or

- 6 a Obtain the Laplace transform of saw tooth waveform shown in figure Q6(a). 06 marks

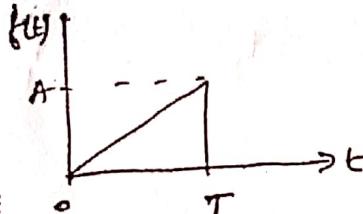


Fig. Q6(a)

- b Find the Laplace transform of i)  $\delta(t)$  ii)  $t$  iii)  $e^{-at}$  06 marks  
 c Find initial and final value theorem for the function given below. 08 marks  
 $F(s) = (s^3 + 7s^2 + 5) / (s^3 + 3s^2 + 4s + 2)$

Module - 4

- 7 a Two coils one of  $R_1=0.51\Omega$ ,  $L_1=32\text{mH}$ , the other of  $R_2=1.3\Omega$  and  $L_2=15\text{mH}$  and two capacitors of  $25\mu\text{F}$  and  $62\mu\text{F}$  are all in series with a resistance of  $0.24\Omega$ . Determine the following of this circuit. 10 marks  
 i) Resonance frequency ii) Q of each coil iii) Q of the circuit  
 iv) Cut-off frequencies v) Power dissipated of resonance if  $E=10\text{V}$ .
- b In a two RL-RC parallel resonant circuit  $L=0.4\text{H}$  and  $C=40\mu\text{F}$ , obtain resonant frequency 10 marks for the following values of  $R_L$  and  $R_C$ .  
 i)  $R_L=120\Omega$ ,  $R_C=80\Omega$  ii)  $R_L=R_C=80\Omega$  iii)  $R_L=80\Omega$ ,  $R_C=0\Omega$   
 iv)  $R_L=R_C=100\Omega$  v)  $R_L=R_C=120\Omega$

PTO

Or

- a A RLC series circuit consists of  $50\ \Omega$  resistance,  $0.2\text{H}$  inductance and  $10\ \mu\text{F}$  capacitance with an applied voltage of  $20\text{V}$ . Determine i) Resonant frequency ii) Q factor iii) Lower and upper frequency limits iv) Bandwidth. 10 marks
- b Define the following terms with reference to resonant circuit 04 marks  
i) Resonance ii) Q-factor iii) Half-power frequency iv) Selectivity
- c Derive the expression for resonant frequency of a parallel resonant circuit with lossless capacitor in parallel with a coil of resistance  $R$  and inductance  $L$ . 06 marks

Module - 5

- a Define Y parameters. Determine the Y parameters for the network shown in figure Q9(a). 08 marks

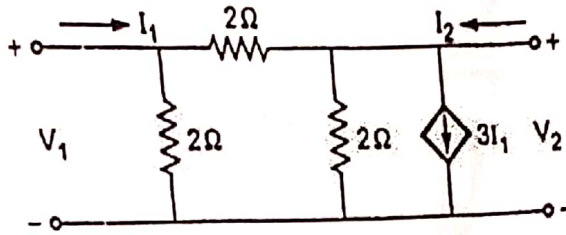


Fig. Q9(a)

- b The Z parameters of a two port network are  $Z_{11}=20\ \Omega$ ,  $Z_{12}=10\ \Omega$ ,  $Z_{21}=10\ \Omega$  and  $Z_{22}=10\ \Omega$ . Find its Y and ABCD parameters. 06 marks
- c Define h-parameters. Represent h-parameters in terms of ABCD parameters. 06 marks

Or

- 10 a Define transmission parameters and Z parameters. Express transmission parameters in terms of impedance parameters. 10 marks
- b Find the h parameters of the network shown in figure Q10(b). Also draw its equivalent circuit. 10 marks

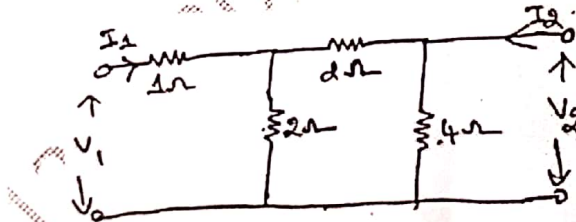


Fig. Q10(b)

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# ADICHUNCHANAGIRI UNIVERSITY

18EC35

Third Semester BE Degree Examination January 2020  
(CBCS Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

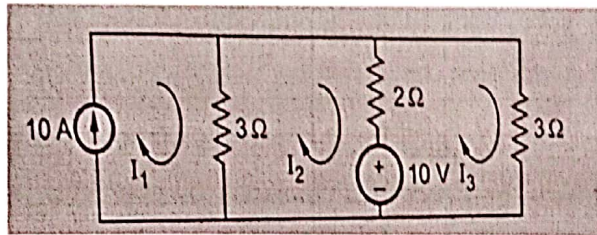
Max Marks: 100 Marks

## Sub: Network Analysis

- Instructions:**
1. Answer five full questions
  2. Choose one full question from each module
  3. Your answer should be specific to the questions asked
  4. Write the same question numbers as they appear in this question paper
  5. Write Legibly.

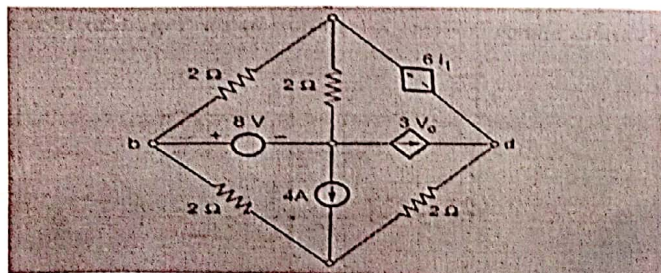
### Module -1

- 1 a. Derive expressions for i) Star to Delta conversion (10 marks)  
ii) Delta to Star conversion
- b. Write the mesh equation for the circuit shown below and determine mesh currents using mesh analysis. (10 marks)



OR

- 2 a. Explain the classification of Networks. (10 marks)
- b. For the network shown below, find the node voltages  $V_d$  and  $V_e$ . (10 marks)



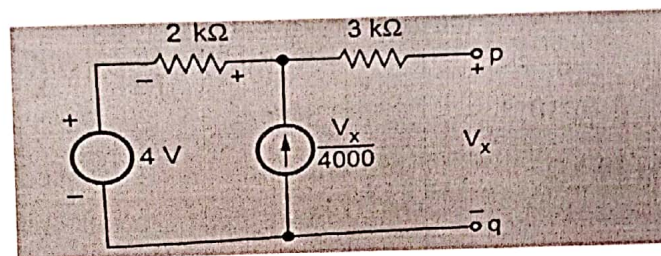
### Module -2

- 3 a. State and prove Maximum power transfer theorem for AC circuits. (10 marks)



b. Find the Thevenin's equivalent of the network shown below.

(10 marks)



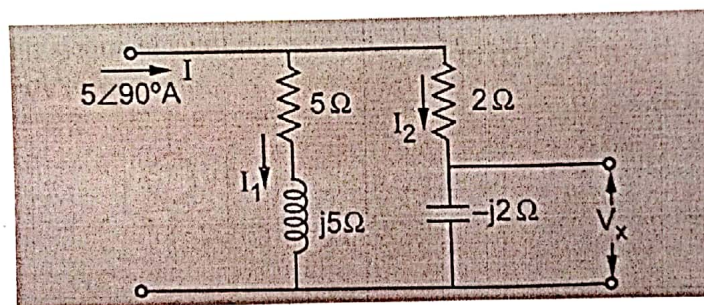
OR

4 a. State and prove Millman's Theorem.

(10 marks)

b. Find the voltage  $V_x$  and verify the reciprocity theorem for the network shown below.

(10 marks)



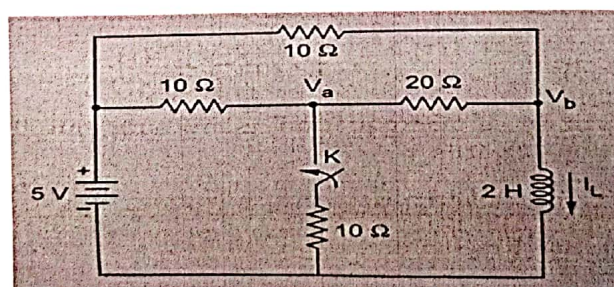
Module -3

5 a. Write a note on initial conditions in basic circuit elements.

(10 marks)

b. In the network shown below, a steady state is reached with the switch K open. At  $t=0$ , the switch is closed. For the element values given, determine the values of  $V_a(0^-)$  and  $V_a(0^+)$ .

(10 marks)



OR

6 a. State and prove i) Initial value theorem and ii) Final value theorem.

(10 marks)

b. Find the Laplace transform of the following: i)  $\sin^2 t$  and ii)  $\cos^2 t$  (10 marks)

Module -4

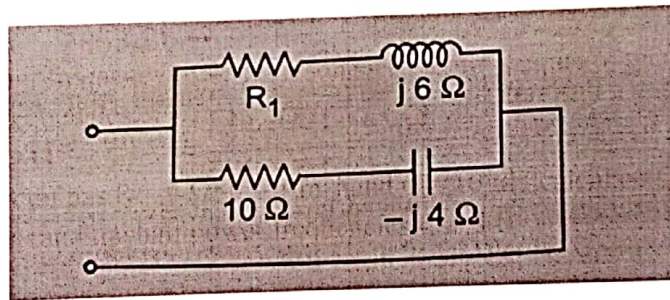
7 a. Show that resonant frequency of series resonance circuit is equal to the geometric mean of two half power frequencies. (10 marks)

b. A series RLC circuit has  $R = 4 \Omega$ ,  $L = 1 \text{ mH}$  and  $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$ , calculate Q-factor, bandwidth, resonant frequency and the half power frequencies  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ . (10 marks)

OR

8 a. Derive the expression for resonant frequency for parallel circuit containing resistance in both the branches. (10 marks)

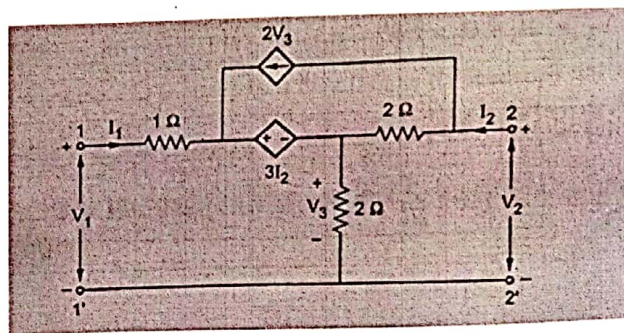
b. Find the value of  $R_1$  such that the circuit given below is resonant. (10 marks)



Module -5

9 a. Define Y parameters and derive Y parameters in terms of h parameters. (10 marks)

b. Find Z parameters for the circuit shown below. (10 marks)



OR

10 a. Define Z parameters and derive Z parameters in terms of y parameters. (10 marks)

b. Determine Y parameters for the circuit shown below.

(10 marks)

